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## **Explanatory Foreword**

This Statement of Accounts is produced by the County Treasurer and contains the County Council's accounts for the financial year ended 31 March 2005. Publication of these accounts is required under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2003 and the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting, which also specify the format and content of the accounts. The requirements of CIPFA's Best Value Accounting Code of Practice 2000 (BV ACOP 2000) apply to the 2004-05 Statement of Accounts. The BV ACOP complements the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting and provides an authoritative guide to financial accounting for local authorities within the best value environment.

#### Summary of the 2004-05 Financial Year

The County Council's budget for 2004-05 was set at £375.829 million, an increase of 3.5% on the previous year. The Department of Children and Education (DCE) had a brought forward over spend of £1.031 million. It was recommended to Cabinet that £1.600 million of funds be transfered to the revenue account from capital financing reserves, of this £0.600 million was to be used to assist the DCE recovery plan.

During the year a number of spending pressures were identified by the monthly budget monitoring process. In November Cabinet took the decision to reduce departmental budgets by  $\pounds$ 1.488 million to provide against projected over spends. The pressure continued throughout the year and despite finding savings in the region of £1.300 million, DCE overspent by a net  $\pounds$ 1.621 million.

The net overspend for the year was £1.531 million (some other departments had an under spend). Cabinet took the decision to release a further £1.300 million from capital financing reserves to the revenue account. Cabinet approved the write off to reserves of all but £0.293 million of the DCE overspend, the department is preparing a plan to recover this amount during 2005-06.

The table below summarises the outturn position compared to the approved budget.

Revenue Account Summary

The following table summarises the expenditure and income for the year: -

ONNO	2004-05 Original Budget £000	2004-05 Revised Budget £000	2004-05 Actual £000	2004-05 Difference £000	2003-04 Actual £000
Operating Costs during the year Income from government grant and	375,829	375,966	377,497	-1,531	365,313
local taxpayers	375,829	375,829	375,829	0	362,999
Additions to/Withdrawals from balances	0	-137	-1,668	1,531	-2,314
Expenditure met from Reserves			2,875	-2,875	
County Fund balance at start of year	5,819	5,819	5,161	658	7,475
County Fund balance at end of year	5,819	5,682	6,368	-686	5,161

The County Fund balance at 31 March 2005 is £6.368 million and includes all under spending identified at the year-end. In June 2005 the Cabinet agreed that a net under spend of £1.057 million from 2004-05 should be available to fund services in 2005-06, this includes the £0.293 million overspend to be recovered by DCE. The net effect is an decrease in the available County Fund to £5.311 million in 2004-05.

#### Wiltshire County Council Pension Fund

Wiltshire County Council is a member of the Wiltshire Pension Fund. Every three years the fund is valued by the scheme's actuary and employer contributions are set. The most recent valuation of the fund was completed at 31 March 2004, this has set the employer rates which are aimed at recovering the deficit over the medium to long term.

An amendment was implemented in the discount rate charged during the year which has resulted in an increase in the liabilities of the Scheme of £64.600 million. This amendment is in line with guidance issued by CIPFA.

#### **Capital Expenditure Summary**

Capital expenditure in the year was £58.816 million, £4.563 million less than the approved capital budget. Of this under spending, £4.416 million represents delays in cash payments on schemes in progress, which will now be spent in 2005-06. The program was financed from borrowing, capital receipts, grants and developer contributions.

Increasingly more of the capital programme is funded from earmarked resources. Expenditure in 2004-05 includes £12.8 million on the improvement of schools through New Deals for Schools and Devolved Formula grants, £0.623 million earmarked grant for the Early Excellence Centre at Warminster Forest Green Nursery, £22.4 million on improving the highways network as part of the Local Transport Plan which has been agreed with the Government, and £2.3 million for the grant funded National Knowledge Management Project which Wiltshire County Council manage.

Expenditure during the year from discretionary resources included: -

West Wiltshire Secondary School Expansion:

Sherston Primary School Additional Accommodation:

Learning Disabilities Best Value Review

£1.9 million for significant extensions at existing secondary schools.
£1.5 million on improved accommodation.
£0.8 million on providing additional school places for increasing pupil numbers.
£1.0 million to improve respite care services for people with learning difficulties.

#### **Borrowing Summary**

Long term loans outstanding increased during the year by £35.946 million, largely due to the take up of new loans totalling £40 million. These were taken to fund the requirements of the 2004-05 capital programme and that of previous years which had been financed, in the short term, by repayment of temporary investments. No borrowing was taken from Public Works Loan Board (PWLB) but the new loans, of a type known as LOBOs (Lender's Option Borrower Option), were taken direct from the banking sector. £3.054 million of maturing PWLB loans were repaid during the year.

Mike Prince County Treasurer

# Statement of Responsibilities for the Statement of Accounts

## The Authority's Responsibilities

The Authority is required to:

- make arrangements for the proper administration of its financial affairs and to secure that one of its officers has the responsibility for the administration of those affairs. In this Authority, that officer is the County Treasurer.
- manage its affairs to secure economic, efficient and effective use of resources and safeguard its assets.
- approve the Statement of Accounts.

## The County Treasurer's Responsibilities

The County Treasurer is responsible for the preparation of the authority's Statement of Accounts in accordance with proper practice as set out in the CIPFA Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingcom ("the Code of Practice").

In preparing this Statement of Accounts, the County Treasurer has:

- selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- made judgements and estimates that were reasonable and prudent;
- complied with the Code of Practice or, disclosed any non-compliance.

The Courity Treasurer has also

- kept proper accounting records that were up to date;
- taken reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

I certify that the statement of accounts on pages 5 to 45 present fairly the financial position of the authority at the accounting date and its income and expenditure for the year ended 31 March 2005.

Mike Prince County Treasurer June 2005

These accounts were approved, subject to audit, at the meeting of the Final Accounts Committee of the County Council on 30 June 2005.

Mrs Jane Scott Leader of Wiltshire County Council Date



## **Statement of Accounting Policies**

The general principles adopted in compiling the accounts of the County Council are in accordance with the recommendations of The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA). They accord with CIPFA's Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting 2000, and also with the guidance notes issued on the application of the Statements of Standard Accounting Practice (SSAPs), Financial Reporting Standards (FRSs), and Urgent Issues Task Force (UITF) abstracts as far as they are applicable. All are maintained on an historic cost basis. Any significant non-compliance is disclosed in the notes that follow.

## Fixed Assets

These are valued as follows: -

Type of Asset	Basis of Valuation
Infrastructure assets	Should be shown at historic cost, less depreciation. In the absence of such information, the valuation at 1 April 1994 was based on the loans pool debt outstanding at that date. Expenditure incurred since is shown at historic cost, less depreciation. The assumed useful life of infrastructure assets is deemed to be 60 years. Depreciation is on a straight-line basis.
Operational assets	Shown at either net current replacement cost or net realisable value based on existing use, depending on the type of asset. The assumed useful life for permanent buildings is deemed to be 60 years, portable buildings are deemed to have useful life of 20 - 30 years. Plant and equipment are valued based on the deemed useful life and is usually between 5 and 10 years. Depreciation for all assets is on a straight-line basis except for portable buildings , where 35% is depreciated in the first year, with the remaining balance on a straight-line basis over the remaining useful life.
Non-operational assets and surplus assets	Shown at either net current replacement cost or net realisable value, depending on the type of asset.

Fixed assets were originally valued on 1 April 1994 and since then have been re-valued on a four year rolling programme, with each district being re-valued once in each 4 year period. The valuation this year was carried out by the council's own valuers from the Environmental Services Department under the authorisation of the Urban Estates Manager, who is a Chartered Surveyor. The valuation of the County Farms is carried out by Cluttons Limited Liability Partnership, a firm of Chartered Surveyors. Valuations are prepared in accordance with the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors "Red Book" and the Association of Chief Estate Surveyors Rural Practice Branch Guidance.

## **Treatment of Leases**

The Council no longer has finance leases in respect of equipment. Property lease rentals are charged directly to service revenue accounts.

## Deferred Charges

These arise from expenditure which may properly be deferred, but which does not result in, or remain matched with, tangible assets. An example is capital expenditure on aided schools.

#### **Basis of Charging for Capital**

Service revenue accounts and trading accounts are charged annually with a capital charge for all fixed assets used. The Code of Practice requires that these capital charges include a provision for depreciation of the assets during the year and an interest charge comparable with the interest that could be earned on an investment of equivalent value to the assets. In order to comply with The Code of Practice 2002, depreciation is charged on buildings and equipment. Assets are written down to their deemed residual value over their useful economic life, on a straight-line basis. Useful economic life, in the case of buildings is determined by the valuers at revaluation, or in the case of equipment it is determined at the point of acquisition, in accordance with guidance issued in The Code of Practice 2002.

## Internal Interest

Surplus monies arising from capital and revenue transactions may be utilised in lieu of borrowing from external sources. Memorandum interest on the average level of this internal borrowing is calculated by using the Local Authority 7-Day Notice Rate to enable an overall average borrowing rate to be calculated for the year.

#### **Capital Receipts**

Capital receipts from the disposal of assets, that have not been set aside for the redemption of debt or used to finance new capital expenditure, are held in the usable capital receipts reserve. In recent years the practice has been for 50% of usable capital receipts to be applied and for the reserve to have a nil balance.

## **Debtors and Creditors**

The accounts of the County Council are maintained on an accruals basis. Where actual amounts due are not known at the end of April, estimated amounts have been included. This policy is consistently applied each year and therefore does not have a material effect on this year's accounts.

## **Discontinued and Acquired Operations**

The administration and funding of the Magistrates Courts Service was transferred to the Department for Constitutional Affairs on 1 April 2005, this is therefore shown as a discontinued operation during the year.

On 1 October 2004 the arrangements surrounding WS Connexions were transferred to Wiltshire County Council. This has meant that the Council now provides all of the administration for Connexions and receives income from the other bodies involved in the project.

## **Contingent Assets and Contingent Liabilities**

No provision is made in the accounts for contingent assets or contingent liabilities where it is not practicable to estimate the amount involved or if there is considerable uncertainty over the possible outcome. However, where the amounts are likely to be material, the nature of the contingency is disclosed in a note to the accounts.

## Exceptional Items, Extraordinary Items and Prior Year Adjustments

Exceptional items are included in the cost of the service to which they relate unless they are so material that fairer representation of the accounts is given by separate disclosure. Extraordinary items are included on the face of the consolidated revenue account. Prior year adjustments are accounted for in the year that they are identified and will be included in the cost of the service to which they relate unless they are so material that fairer representation of the accounts is given by separate disclosure. These items are also disclosed in a note to the consolidated revenue account.

## Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks are generally valued at the lower of actual cost or net realisable value, which accords with the requirements of the Code of Practice and SSAP 9. An average or standard cost is applied to calculate the cost. Work in progress on any uncompleted jobs, where the actual or estimated valuation of the job exceeds £5,000, is taken into the accounts at cost. Adjustments are made for attributable profits less any foreseeable losses and any payments received or receivable.

#### Government Grants

Grants in respect of revenue expenditure are included in the accounts in the year in which the related expenditure was charged. SSAP 4 requires that grants in respect of capital expenditure be credited to the revenue account over the useful life of the assets financed by those grants. Grants used to finance depreciable tangible assets since 1 April 1994 have been treated in accordance with SSAP 4. Prior to this, the Council did not comply with the standard to the extent that capital grants were used to reduce the cost of the assets; the resultant reduced annual charges to revenue were based on a period of approximately 25 years rather than the useful life of the assets.

#### Research and Development Expenditure

Research and development expenditure is written off in the year that it is incurred.

#### **Cost of Support Services**

All costs of a management and administrative nature have been fully recharged to all services in order to reflect the true cost of administering these services. The Corporate and Democratic Core is identified as a separate service, in accordance with CIPFA recommendations. This relates to costs that arise from the operation of the Council as a multifunction authority, which are not directly attributable to any one service. The basis of allocation used in 2004-05 was as follows: -

Cost	Basis of Allocation
Democratic Representation	Number of attendances for each committee
Administrative Buildings	An accommodation charge based on floor area occupied, including depreciation on buildings. There is an additional postage charge based on actual recorded usage.
Professional Services	The Environmental Services Department charges professional fees to the capital and building maintenance programmes in accordance with national rates in use in the building industry.
Other Support Services	Charges are subject to service level agreements between the support services and the client departments.

## Provisions

Provisions relate to liabilities, or losses, that are likely to be incurred but there is uncertainty as to the size and timing of those liabilities. Their purpose should be specific and should be charged to the revenue account of the service for which the expenditure would be incurred. The Provision for Credit Liabilities is slightly different and is explained below.

## Provision for Credit Liabilities

Part IV of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989, which deals with the control of local authority capital expenditure and finance, requires local authorities to provide for credit liabilities arising from capital commitments, including the redemption of loan debt. A minimum annual provision has to be made from the revenue account, but the provision from capital receipts formerly required under the Act ceased from 1 September 1998. These transactions are part of the Capital Financing Reserve, but the provision for credit liabilities still needs to be disclosed as a memorandum account.

#### Provision for Bad and Doubtful Debts

Provisions in the balance sheet are at the Chief Officers' discretion, but where present are included at the CIPFA recommended levels unless otherwise stated.

## Reserves

The County Council holds several earmarked reserves, in addition to the general County Fund balance. Generally, a reserve is a sum set aside from revenue which does not relate to a specific liability, but which may be earmarked for future expenditure.

#### VAT

Only irrecoverable VAT is included in revenue or capital expenditure.

#### **County Fund**

This is the main Fund of the County Council into which the precept, government grants, and other income are paid and from which the cost of providing services is met. The balance on the Fund is the surplus of the County Council's revenue income over its revenue expenditure.

#### Local Government Pension Fund for Wiltshire

This is administered by the County Council. A complete set of accounts and details of its nature, investment performance and actuarial position are reported separately in the Wiltshire Pension Fund Annual Report 2004-05, although a summary is given on pages 37 to 44.

#### Pensions

The pension costs that are charged to the accounts in respect of the Authority's employees are equal to the contributions paid to the funded pension scheme for these employees. Further costs arise in respect of certain pensions paid to retired employees on an unfunded basis.

These costs have been determined on the basis of contribution rates that are set to meet 100% of the liabilities of the Pension Fund, in accordance with relevant Government regulations. The County Council complies with the accounting requirements of UKGAAP in accounting for pension costs as laid down in FRS 17, and the liabilities included within the balance sheet are in accordance with the guidance given by the Wiltshire Pension Fund Actuary.

#### Endowment and Trust Funds

The County Council administers seventeen such funds. They mostly consist of small sums received from private individuals, which have been invested by the County Council in order to provide an annual income. Two of the funds are of significant size and three others exceed £100,000. They do not form part of the County Council's accounts, but are shown on page 45.

#### Investments

The investments are shown in the Consolidated Balance Sheet at their historic cost

#### Deferred Liabilities

The outstanding value of property leases is shown in the balance sheet as a deferred liability. The figure at 31 March 2005 is based on the actual value of lease payments outstanding.

## Foreign Currency Transactions

Foreign currency transactions are accounted for on the basis of the equivalent sterling value of the underlying transaction, by applying the relevant exchange rate ruling at the time. Where overseas securities are acquired with currency either previously purchased directly or accruing from the sale of securities, the sterling book cost of the new security will be based on the exchange rate ruling at the time of purchase of that security. Any profit or loss arising on currency transactions will be reflected in the balance sheet, either as a realised or unrealised profit.

#### Post Balance Sheet Events

Events which occur after the balance sheet date and concern conditions which did not exist at that time are disclosed in a note to the accounts if their effect is likely to be material.

#### Private Finance Initiative (PFI)

Contract payments in respect of PFI contracts are charged to the revenue account in the year in which they are due. Reimbursements in respect of these contracts, such as government grants, are credited to the revenue account in which they are receivable.

# The Consolidated Revenue Account

	Gross Spending 2004-05 £000	Gross Income 2004-05 £000	Net Spending 2004-05 £000	Net Spending 2003-04 £000
Expenditure on Services Continuing Operations				
Central Services to the Public	1,869	913	956	949
Cultural, Environment and Planning Services	28,164	4,270	23,894	22,376
Education Services	294,267	69,769	224,498	211,125
Highways, Roads and Transport Services	35,027	4,539	30,488	26,866
Housing Services Social Services	485 144,737	250 52,844	235 91,893	279
Social Services	144,737	52,644	91,095	82,860
Corporate and Democratic Core	4,832	1,495	3,337	4,232
Non Distributed Costs	702	0	702	700
				1
Discontinued Operations - Magistrates Courts	1,211	2 974	1,211	
Acquired Operations - Connexions	2,871	2,871	0	
-				
Net cost of services	514,165	136,951	377,214	349,387
			1 700	
Precepts & Levies* Trading account surpluses & deficits			1,793 1,589	14,686
Extraordinary Item & Prior Year Adjustment			1,569	-22 0
Net expenditure on asset management revenue account			-12,731	-11,343
Interest and investment income			-188	-496
Pension interest cost and expected return on pensions asset	s	-	3,000	6,600
Net Operating Expenditure			370,677	358,812
Contributions to/from(-) insurance reserve			165	-121
Contributions to/from(-) pensions reserve			-869	-1,173
Contribution to/from(-) other earmarked reserves			-226	3,895
Financing of Capital Expenditure			1,940	2,819
Reconciling amount for provisions for loan repayment		-	2,935	1,081
Amount to be met from Government grant and local taxation			374,622	365,313
Council precepts			-142,637	-140,437
General government grants			-110,008	-106,443
Non-domestic rates redistribution			-123,926	-116,192
Transfers (from) / to the Collection fund in respect of surplus	es/deficits		742	73
Total Deficit/Surplus (-) for the Year		-	-1,207	2,314
		-		2,314
Change in County Fund Balance				
Balance at 1 April			5,161	7,475
Deficit (-)/Surplus for the Year			1,207	-2,314
		-		
Balance at 31 March		-	6,368	5,161

\*The Precepts & Levies figure in 2003-04 included the precept £13.058 million to the Wiltshire and Swindon Fire Brigade. The Brigade became a Precepting authority in 2004-05 and is no longer funded through Wiltshire County Council.

# Notes to the Consolidated Revenue Account

# 1. CIPFA Best Value Accounting Code of Practice - Service Expenditure Analysis

The Accounting Code of Practice requires expenditure to be reported according to the CIPFA Best Value Accounting Code

	Gross	Gross	Grant	Net	Net
	Expenditure	Income	Income	Spending	Spending
		Excluding			
		Grants			
	2004-05	2004-05	2004-05	2004-05	2003-04
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Central services to the Public			_		
Registration Births, Deaths & Marriages	809	448	0	361	386
Elections	0	0 0	0	0 67	0
Emergency Planning	262 270	270	195 0	0	50
Local Land Charges General Grants, Bequests & Donations	528	270	0	528	0 513
General Grants, Bequests & Donations	520	0	0	526	513
Cultural and Related Services					
Culture & Heritage	1,427	232	161	1,034	963
Recreation & Sport	1,078	363	0	715	606
Open Spaces	274	5	,0	269	108
Library service	6,827	867	0	5,960	5,547
	A				
Environmental Services					
Flood Defence and Land drainage	251	0	0	251	2,209
Agricultural Services	1,007	826	O	181	226
Consumer Protection	1,519	47	59	1,413	1,238
Waste disposal	12,706	949	60	11,697	9,198
Planning and Development Services	FW/U				
Development control	556	57	0	499	366
Planning policy	1,007	12 0	79 0	916	1,032
Environmental initiatives	140	28	525	140 819	145
Economic development	1,372	20	525	019	738
Individual School Funds					
Primary Schools					
Delegated Budgets	85,279	120	0	85,159	74,661
Devolved Grants	13,594	13,094	4,739	-4,239	1,228
LEA / Corporate expenditure	48,745	91	17,441	31,213	28,831
Secondary Schools					
Delegated Budgets	88,144	343	0	87,801	68,137
Devolved Grants	5,319	26	22,615	-17,322	1,012
LEA / Corporate expenditure	12,572	857	1,699	10,016	9,092
Special Schools	0.500	204	0	0.074	5 405
Delegated Budgets	6,562	291	0	6,271	5,197
Devolved Grants	501 1 876	49	638	-186	18
LEA / Corporate expenditure	1,876	154	319	1,403	1,255

1. CIPFA Best Value Accounting Code of Practice - Service Expenditure Analysis

Continued

	Gross	Gross	Grant	Net	Net
	Expenditure	Income Excluding Grants	Income	Spending	Spending
	2004-05	2004-05	2004-05	2004-05	2003-04
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Non-School Funding					
Strategic management of non-school services	4,346	479	603	3,264	3,114
Pre-School Education	11,509	-21	3,574	7,956	6,302
Youth Service	3,107	595	144	2,368	3,043
Adult and Community Learning	1,836	843	660	333	0
Support for Students	1,694	334	82	1,278	0
Other Non-schools Funding	12,054	50	2,821	9,183	9,235
Highways, Roads & Transport Services					
Transport planning, policy and strategy	3,229	1,318	0	1,911	2,122
Highways/roads (structural)	4,450	84	0	4,366	3,505
Construction	9,948	49	0	9,899	7,453
Highways/roads (routine)	6,569	523	0	6,046	6,247
Street Lighting	1,502	0	0	1,502	1,460
Winter Maintenance	2,307	273	0	2,034	1,974
Traffic management and road safety	1,683	200	0	1,483	1,459
Public Transport	5,339	432	1,660	3,247	2,646
Housing Services General Fund (Other Council Property) Adult and Community Services	485	250	0	235	279
Service Strategy	421		0	421	302
C&F - Commissioning	8,404	429	1,079	6,896	5,900
C&F - Children Looked After	12,057	788	0	11,269	8,856
C&F - Family Support Services	1,775	189	0	1,586	1,205
C&F - Youth Justice	990	157	372	461	372
C&F - Other Services	1,532	18	0	1,514	-233
Older People (Age 65+)	54,419	11,237	9,155	34,027	33,507
Adult Care - Physical or Sensory Disability	10,449	840	1,801	7,808	6,928
Adult Care - Learning Disability	36,773	10,604	3,815	22,354	21,424
Adult Care - Mental Health Needs	6,880	426	2,050	4,404	3,528
Asylum Seekers	34	0	22	12	0
Other Adult Care Services	1,467	0	738	729	599
Supported People	9,031	0	9,023	8	-2
Supported Employment	505	101	0	404	474
Corporate and Democratic Core					
Democratic Representation & Management	3,144	1,495	0	1,649	1,378
Corporate Management	2,899	0	0	2,899	2,854
Non Distributed Cost	702	0	0	702	700
Net Cost of Services	514,165	50,822	86,129	377,214	349,387
ou o u i o o o u					
Other Operating Income & Expenditure	0.074	070	0	4 700	
Precepts & Levies	2,071	278	0	1,793	14,686
Trading account surpluses & deficits	20,455	18,866	0	1,589	-22
Asset Management Revenue Account	-23,782	-11,051	0	-12,731	-11,343
Interest and Investment Income	1,280	1,468	0	-188	-496
Extraordinary Item & Prior Year Adjustment Pension interest cost and expected return on pensions assets	0 3,000	0 0	0 0	0 3,000	0 6,600
Cost of Other Operating Expenditure	3,024	9,561	0	-6,537	9,425
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	517,189	60,383	86,129	370,677	358,812

## The analysis of expenditure by County Council Services is as follows:

	Gross Spending	Gross Income Excluding Grants	Grant Income	Net Spending	Net Spending
	2004-05	2004-05	2004-05	2004-05	2003-04
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Children and Education	312,603	19,259	56,704	236,640	227,516
Environmental Services	65,407	5,654	2,660	57,093	49,660
Central and Library Services	16,471	2,844	161	13,466	5,308
Adult and Community Services	119,684	23,065	26,604	70,015	66,904
	514,165	50,822	86,129	377,214	349,387
Other Operating Expenditure	3,024	9,561	0	-6,537	9,425
Net Operating Expenditure				370,677	358,812

#### 2. The Asset Management Revenue Account

The net expenditure on this account represents the difference between the interest charged to service revenue accounts

	2004-05	2003-04
	£000	£000
Analysis of net expenditure Depreciation	4,816	4,162
Amortisation of Deferred Charges	0	609
Capital Charges to revenue accounts	-21,466	-19,632
Interest Paid	6,235	5,675
Contributions from external organisations	-1,539	-1,603
Amortisation of capital grants & developer contributions	-77	-554
		-11,343
	T D V	

## 3. Finance and Operating Leases

The Council holds various capital assets under finance leases or leases that otherwise rank as credit arrangements under Government capital finance controls. Reritals paid in the year in respect of these were £0.307 million, all of which related to property leases.

The Council also has the use of assets under the terms of operating leases. The amount paid under these leases in 2004-05 and the amounts required in future years are as follows: -

	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2003-04
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Corporately arranged leases	687	577	322	480
Departmentally arranged leases	684	709	729	279
Vehicle leases	641	641	641	650
Total leasing commitments	2,012	1,926	1,691	1,409

#### 4. Section 137 Expenditure

Section 137 of the Local Government Act 1972 as amended by Schedule 2 of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989, empowers a local authority to spend up to £1.90 per head of the relevant population for the benefit of its area or its inhabitants on items for which it has no other powers to spend and where there are no statutory prohibitions on spending. The County Council did not incur any expenditure under this provision in 2004-05.

## 5. Audit Fees

The audit of the Statement of Accounts is carried out by the Audit Commission and the following fees were payable during 2004-05 in accordance with the Audit Commission Act 1998.

	2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
External Audit Services	233	229
Statutory Inspection Certification of grant claims and returns	64 71	63 80
	367	372

## 6. Expenditure on Publicity

The table below shows the expenditure by the Council on certain categories of publicity and is published in accordance with Section 5(1) of the Local Government Act 1986. These categories are:

- Staff advertising
- Costs of staff wholly or mainly engaged on publicity
- Other publicity, including press notices and newspapers or periodicals published by or on behalf of the Council.



## 7. Income from Bodies Under the Local Authority (Goods and Services) Act 1971

This Act provides for public bodies to provide goods and services to one another on a trading basis. In 2004-05 the County Council's income from the activities covered by the Act was as follows: -

	Income 2004-05 £000	Associated Expenditure 2004-05 £000	Income 2003-04 £000
Other Local Authorities Police Authority Other Public Bodies (including Parish Councils)	895 253 345	765 43 41	801 276 264
	1,493	850	1,341

## 8. Teachers' Pensions

In 2004-05 the County Council paid £14.731 million to the Department for Education and Skills in respect of teachers' pension costs, which represents 13.5% of teachers' pensionable pay. In addition, the County Council is responsible for all pension payments relating to added years it has awarded, together with the related increases. In 2004-05 these amounted to £1.769 million.

## 9. Pensions for Other Employees

As part of the terms and conditions of employment of its officers and other employees, the Authority offers retirement benefits. Although these will not actually be payable until employees retire, the Authority has a commitment to make the payments and this needs to be disclosed at the time that employees earn their future entitlement.

The Authority participates in 2 pension schemes:

- The Local Government Pension Scheme for civilian employees, administered by Wiltshire County Council this is a funded scheme, meaning that the Authority and employees pay contributions into a fund, calculated at a level estimated to balance the pensions liabilities with investment assets.
- The Teacher's Pension Scheme this is an unfunded scheme, meaning that there are no investments assets built up to meet the provisions liabilities, and cash has to be generated to meet actual pension's payments as they eventually fall due. The liability for this scheme falls upon central government.

In 2004-05, pension costs have been charged to the consolidated revenue account on the basis required by FRS 17, contributions payable to the Wiltshire County Council pension scheme are based on an actuarial valuation at 31 March 2005. The last full actuarial valuation was on 31 March 2004.

In 2004-05 the County Council paid an ongoing employer's contribution of £15.231 million into the Pension Fund, representing 20.7% of pensionable pay. The contribution rate is determined by the Fund's actuary based on triennial valuations, the last review being at 31 March 2004. Under Pension Fund Regulations contributions rates are set to meet 100% of the overall liabilities of the Fund.

Further information can be found in the Wiltshire Pension Fund Annual Report 2004-05, which is available on request.

## 10. Minimum Revenue Provision for the Repayment of External Loans

The Local Government and Housing Act 1989 requires local authorities to charge to the revenue account an amount equal to 4% of the credit ceiling, as a minimum provision for the repayment of external debt. In 2004-05 the amount charged by the County Council was £6.370 million.

#### 11. Members' Allowances

The total amount of members' allowances paid in 2004-05 in respect of basic allowance, special responsibility and attendance allowance was  $\pounds 0.448$  million.

#### 12. Officers' Emoluments

The Accounts and Audit Regulations require disclosure of the numbers of officers whose remuneration in 2004-05 exceeded £50,000, analysed into bands of £10,000. In some cases the remuneration of an officer may exceed £50,000 or fall into a higher band than it would otherwise as a result of redundancy payments.

Remuneration	Number	Number	Number	Number
	of Officers	of Officers	of Officers	of Officers
	(including	(excluding	(including	(excluding
	redundancy	redundancy	redundancy	redundancy
	payments)	payments)	payments)	payments)
	2004-05	2004-05	2003-04	2003-04
£120,000 - £129,999	1	1	0	0
£110,000 - £119,999	0	0	0	0
£100,000 - £109,999	1	1	1	1
£90,000 - £99,999	5	5	5	5
£80,000 - £89,999	7	7	7	7
£70,000 - £79,999	19	19	11	11
£60,000 - £69,999	37	37	38	36
£50,000 - £59,999	<u>69</u>	<u>69</u>	<u>63</u>	61

## 13. Related Party Transactions

Related Parties of a Local Authority include Central Government, Other Local Authorities and Precepting Bodies, Subsidiary and Associated Companies, Joint Ventures, Pension Funds, Members and Chief Officers. -

#### **Central Government**

Details of transactions with Central Government are given throughout the Statement of Accounts

#### **Other Local Authorities and Bodies**

During 2004-05 various members of the County Council were also members of district, parish or town councils. Wiltshire County Council made the following payments during the year.

West Wiltshire District Council North Wiltshire District Council Kennet District Council Sallsbury District Council	£000 839 717 555 730
Devizes Town Council	40
Trowbridge Town Council	122

The Council also had transactions with the following authorities:- Aldbourne Parish Council, Box Parish Council, Bradford on Avon Town Council, Chippenham Town Council, Corsham Town Council, Marlborough Town Council, Melksham Town Council, Mere Parish Council, Warminster Town Council, Westbury Town Council.

#### Wiltshire and Swindon Fire Authority

Several County Council members were members of the authority during 2004-05 and a chief officer's wife is the Brigade accountant.

#### Wiltshire Magistrates Courts

A levy of £0.759 million was paid during 2004-05.

#### Wiltshire Police Authority

Several members of the County Council were members of the authority during 2004-05. A chief officer is treasurer to the authority. During the year Wiltshire County Council made payments of £1.851 million.

## Other Bodies

During 2004-05 the following payments were made:-

£0.040 million to Carer Support North Wilts, of which a County Councillor is treasurer.

£0.039 million to Bournemouth Orchestra, of which a County Councillor is a member.

 $\pounds 0.047$  million to Salisbury Museum, two Members are involved with the Museum.

£0.081 million to Salisbury Playhouse, of which an employee is a Councillor and another Councillor is on the board.

 $\pounds 0.057$  million to Greenacres Trust, of which a County Councillor is a director .

 $\pounds 0.071$  million to Tidworth Development Trust, of which a County Councillor is a member .

£0.065 million to the University of Bath, where a Councillor and a Chief Officer are both lecturers/professors.

£0.584 million to Westlea Housing Association, a County Councillor is involved with the Association.

£1.411 million to Alabare Christians Care Centres, a County Councillor is involved with the Centre.

£0.070 million to the Local Government Association, of which three County Councillors are members.

£0.059 million and £0.004 million to respectively the Salisbury Diocesan Board of Finance and Board of Education, of which a County Councillor is a member of both boards.

£0.420 million to National Children's Homes, a close relative of a Chief Officer is a manager.

Wiltshire County Council has also had transactions with the Kennet and Avon Canal Trust, the Wiltshire Rural Music School during the year. One or more County Councillors are involved with each of these organisations.

#### 14. Exceptional Items

#### Libraries and Heritage

A provision of £0.054 million has been established in connection with possible legal costs and compensation payable from an employment tribunal case.

The case is of a nature for which there is no ceiling on the potential amount of compensation payable. However, advice has been taken from the County Council's legal section and the provision set at a reasonable level should the case be lost.

#### Department of Adult and Community Services

On 27 July 2000, the Court of Appeal upheld a decision of the High Court that local authorities could not lawfully charge for services provided under Section 117 of the Mental Health Act 1983. An appeal against this decision was made to the House of Lords by four local authorities, but was dismissed in July 2002. A provision of £0.665 million was made in the 2001-02 Statement of Accounts for the potential liability arising for the refund of fees with interest. Repayments to clients began in the last quarter of 2002-03, to date £0.535 million has been repaid and the remaining provision is now £0.312 million.

This item is not shown separately on the Consolidated Revenue Account but within the Department for Adult and Community Services expenditure lines.

#### 15. Implementation of the Euro

There has been no expenditure on the implementation of the Euro in 2004-05.

#### 16. Joint Arrangement

#### Wiltshire and Swindon Connexions Service

From 1 October 2004 Wiltshire County Council became the lead body for the Connexions Service which contracts with a number of providers to provide a range of services to young people aged 14-19. There is no revenue contribution from the County Council and the Connexions service is 100% grant funded by the DfES. All management and administration costs incurred by the County Council are charged to the Connexions budget.

Wiltshire County Council also continues to act as a provider for some of these services and thus received grant from Connexions of £2.8m in 2004-05 for those direct services. Again, there is no revenue contribution from the County Council, however, there is a considerable, "in-kind" cost arising from this element of the service. The majority of this cost relates to staff and premises of statutory service teams within the Department for Children and Education.

#### Church of England and the Roman Catholic Church

An arrangement exists between Wiltshire County Council and both Church organisations. The Church provides the school building for use by Wiltshire County Council and the Council meets the teaching and running costs of the school.

#### Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB)

Wiltshire County Council has the responsibility for the management of staff, offices and accounts for two AONB : Cranborne Chase & West Wiltshire Downs, and North Wessex Downs. 75 % of the costs for each of these areas is funded by the Countryside Agency and the remaining 25% by the local authorities within the AONB's boundary.

In addition Wiltshire County Council has contributed to the running costs of The Cotswolds AONB, this is run by an independent body The Cotswolds AONB Conservation Board.

## Wiltshire County Council

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The running cost in 2004-05 for Cranborne Chase & West Wiltshire Downs was £167,065. Wiltshire County Council contributed £15,808 in 2004-05 for core costs. The other local authorities involved are: Dorset County Council, East Dorset District Council, Hampshire County Council, Mendip District Council, New Forest District Council, North Dorset District Council, Salisbury District Council, Somerset County Council, South Somerset District Council and West Wiltshire District Council.

The running costs in 2004-05 for North Wessex Downs was £260,916. Wiltshire County Council contributed £8,220 in 2004-05 for core costs. The other authorities involved are: Basingstoke District Council, British Waterways, Hampshire County Council, Kennet District Council, North Wiltshire District Council, Oxfordshire County Council, South Oxfordshire District Council, Swindon Borough Council, Test Valley District Council, Vale of White Horse District Council and West Berkshire District Council

The running costs in 2004-05 for The Cotswolds AONB was in the region of £602,857. Wiltshire County Council contributed £6,892 during the year. The other authorities involved are: Bath & North East Somerset District Council, Cheltenham Borough Council, Cherwell District Council, Cotswold District Council, Gloucestershire County Council, Oxfordshire County Council, North Wiltshire District Council, South Gloucestershire District Council, Stratford upon Avon District Council, Stroud District Council, Tewkesbury District Council, Warwickshire County Council, West Oxfordshire District Council, Wychavon District Council, West Wiltshire District Council and Worcestershire County Council

## Kennet & Avon Canal

The Council is in a partnership arrangement with British Waterways to fund maintenance and enhancements to the Kennet & Avon Canal. All local authorities through which the canal passes will contribute to the maintenance of the canal, Wiltshire County Council makes an annual contribution of £82,500. The contribution will continue at this rate plus inflation until 2017. British Waterways in conjunction with the Kennet & Avon Canal Trust will allocate this money to enhance the tourism and environmental benefits of the canal.

## **Cotswold Water Park**

The Council in partnership with Cotswold District Council, Gloucester County Council, Swindon Borough Council and North Wiltshire District Council form the Cotswold Water Park Joint Committee. The Council contributes £36,000 annually to the committee, the committee in turn provides funding to The Cotswold Water Park Society (a charitable company which manages the park area and its facilities). The Society is developing the water park area to provide improved tourism and a better natural environment.

# 17. Long Term Contracts

## Waste Contract

The Council is committed to making contract payments to Hills Minerals & Waste Ltd estimated at £8.7 million for the financial year 2005-06 for the provision of waste services including recycling. The contract expires in 2016 and the actual level of payments per annum under the contract depends on the quantities of waste disposed of during the year.

## **Grounds Maintenance, Cleaning and Catering Contract**

The Council is committed to making contract payments to Sodexho Ltd estimated at £3.2 million for the financial year 2005-06 for the provision of grounds maintenance, cleaning and catering services including school meals. The contract expires in 2008 and the actual level of payments per annum under the contract depends on the quantities of school meals actually taken and the agreed level of inflation allowed for each year.

#### Highways Maintenance Contract

The Council is committed to making contract payments to Ringway Parkman Ltd estimated at £4.6 million for the financial year 2005-06 for the provision of highways maintenance services. The contract expires in 2006 and the actual level of payments per annum under the contract depends on actual works completed and the agreed level of inflation allowed for each year.

## **Property Maintenance and Capital Works Contract**

The Council is committed to making contract payments to Mouchel Parkman Ltd estimated at £1.0 million for the financial year 2005-06 for the provision of property maintenance, capital works and minor capital works services. The contract expires in 2006 and the actual level of payments per annum under the contract depends on the type and cost of works ordered and carried out.

#### **Residential Homes**

The Council has a contract with the Order of St John Trust for the block purchase of a specified number of residential and respite placements. In 2005-06 the total commitment is estimated to be  $\pounds$ 4.496 million. The same contract also commits to the purchase of day care places at a net cost to the Council of approximately £1.161 million.

#### Private Finance Initiative (PFI)

The Council is committed to making average annual payments estimated at £5.3 million (range £4.3 million to £6.3 million p.a.) for a period of 30 years, from March 2002, under a PFI contract with the White Horse Education Partnership for the provision and services to three new secondary schools at Chippenham, Wootton Bassett and Malmesbury.

## 18. Pooled Budgets Established under Mental Health Act 1999

An agreement between the Wiltshire Health Authority and Wiltshire County Council established a pooled fund in 2001-02. The objectives of this fund are set out in the Section 31 Mental Health Act 1999. They are to: -

- Improve commissioning arrangements for the benefit of users, carers, and providers
- Manage the total resources for Mental Health services within one arrangement
- Increase the quality and quantity of service in Swindon and Wiltshire
- Meet the requirements of the National Service Framework for Mental Health services and the National Service Framework for Older People, the National Plan for the NHS and any Government policies in a coherent and comprehensive way.
- To meet the requirements for Best Value of the County Council and any other value for money responsibilities of either party.

The following extract summarises the pooled budget activities in 2004-05: -

	Gross	Gross	Net	
	Expenditure	Income	Expenditure	
	£ million	£ million	£ million	
2004-05	52.939	52.764	0.175	
2003-04	47.032	47.291	-0.259	

Wiltshire County Council made a contribution of £11.529 million towards the pooled budget in 2004-05. The net over spend of £0.175 million has been reallocated to over /under spends between the parties in relation to FRS9.

## 19. Pooled Budget PCT Integrated Management & Intermediate Care

New arrangements with the Primary Care Trusts, started in January 2004 for the South Wiltshire and West Wiltshire Districts, with North District starting from April 2004. The Pooled Budgets are administered by the relevant PCT.

The Objectives of these pools are to provide efficiencies between Health and Social Services with regard to integrated management and Intermediate care.

## Contribution by Wiltshire County Council

UMM		Gross Expenditure £ million	Gross Income £ million	Net Expenditure £ million	
Intermediate Care (Pool)					
South Wiltshire		0.980	1.065	-0.085	Under Spend
West Wiltshire		0.518	0.558	-0.040	Under Spend
Kennet & North Wiltshire		0.691	0.756	-0.065	Under Spend
	2004-05	2.189	2.379	-0.190	
Intermediate Care (WCC) only	2003-04	0.312	-	0.312	Over Spend
Integrated Management (Pool)					
South Wiltshire		0.431	0.466	-0.035	Under Spend
West Wiltshire		0.413	0.401	0.012	Over Spend
Kennet & North Wiltshire		0.482	0.497	-0.015	Under Spend
	2004-05	1.326	1.364	-0.038	
Integrated Management (WCC) only	2003-04	0.214	-	0.214	Over Spend

Wiltshire County Council made a contribution of £1.326 million to Integrated Management for the 3 Pools and a contribution of £2.189 million to Intermediate Care for the 3 Pools for the year 04-05. There are various over and under spends on the various pools.

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## 20. Pooled Budget PCT and Social Services for Integrated Community Equipment Services

An Agreement between Primary Care Trusts and Wiltshire County Council established a pooled Fund in 2004-05 in relation to Aids and Adaptations. The objectives of these pools are to provide efficiencies between Health and Social Services in the use of aids and adaptations and economies of scale.

The pooled budget is administered	d by Wiltshire County	Council on behalf of	the three PCTs	s.	4
		Gross Expenditure £-million	Gross Income £ million	Net Expenditure £ million	
Integrated Community Equipme				0.055	
South Wiltshire West Wiltshire	2004-05 2004-05	0.534 0.469	0.479 0.456	0.055 0.013	Over Spend Over Spend
Kennet & North Wiltshire	2004-05	0.838	0.820 1.755	0.018 0.086	Over Spend

Wiltshire Council made a contribution of £0.828 million towards the pooled budget in 2004-05. The net over spend of £0.086 million is monies owed by the PCTs to the pool at the year end.

# The Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2005

	Note	2004-05 £000	2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
Fixed Assets	1		453,233	422,794
Deferred Charges	2		0	16,055
Long Term Debtors	3		13,548	14,440
Asset related to defined benefit pension schemes	16		251,200	218,700
Total Long Term Assets			717,981	671,989
Current Assets				
Stocks and Work in Progress	4	206		209
Debtors Short Term Investments	5 6	29,288 43,650		28,587
Cash in Hand	7	43,650	92.998	12,900 17,150
	·	13,00-	52,330	17,130
Total Assets	A		810,979	730,835
A				
Current Liabilities				
Creditors	8	51,048		51,941
Deposits	9	2,676		2,660
Temporary Loans Cash Overdrawn	11	11,718 2,307	67,749	5,206
Casil Overdrawii		2,307	07,749	3,239
Total Assets less Current Liabilities			743,230	667,790
Long Term Borrowing	10	141,360		110,414
Deferred Liability - Finance Leases	12	727		4,081
Government Grants Deferred		26,089		17,928
Liability related to defined benefit pension schemes	16	431,200	599,376	336,400
Total Assets less Liabilities			143,854	198,968
Fixed Asset Restatement Reserve	13		87,355	123,617
Capital Financing Reserve	14		168,573	136,224
Usable Capital Receipts Reserve	15		16,943	8,137
Pensions Reserve	16		-180,000	-117,700
Earmarked Reserves	17		31,154	29,277
Deferred Credit-Swindon Debt Outstanding	18		13,461	14,252
County Fund Balance			6,368	5,161
Total Equity			143,854	198,968

#### 1.1 Movement in Fixed Assets

	C Land and buildings £000	Derational asset Vehicles and Equipment £000	ts Infrastructure assets £000	Non operational assets £000	Total £000
Gross Book Value 1 April 2004	291,623	7,016	116,453	24,606	439,698
Expenditure in year	7,672	901	26,332	0	34,905
Disposals in year	-4,959	-214	0	0	-5,173
Revaluations	4,965	0	0	0	4,965
Gross Book Value 31 March 2005	299,301	7,703	142,785	24,606	474,395
Depreciation to 1 April 2004	2,577	3,137	11,190	0	16,904
Depreciation for year	1,411	535	2,870	0	4,816
Depreciation written off upon revaluation	-345	0	0	O	-345
Depreciation written off upon disposal	-3	-210	0		-213
Depreciation to 31 March 2005	3,640	3,462	14,060	O	21,162
Net Book Value 31 March 2005	295,661	4,241	128,725	24,606	453,233
Net Book Value 31 March 2004	289,046	3,879	105,263	24,606	422,794
1.2 Capital Expenditure	26	560			
	Land and buildings	Vehicles and Equipment	Grants and Advances	Total	Total
	2004-05 £000	2004-05 £000	2004-05 £000	2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
	2000	2000	2000	2000	2000
Environmental Services - County Farms	165	0	0	165	205
- Gypsy Sites	419	0	0	419	342
- Highways	27,911	0	0	27,911	30,056
<ul> <li>Refuse Disposal</li> </ul>	0	0	0	0	0
- Other	590	245	0	835	978
Children and Education Central and Library Services	24,503	258	0	24,761	17,062
- Administration of Justice	44	31	0	75	461
- Libraries	400	16	0	417	0
- Other	0	28	2,708	2,736	8,516
Adult and Community Services	1,365	0	133	1,498	593
	55,397	578	2,841	58,816	58,213

Included within Capital Expenditure is some expenditure which legislation classifies as capital, but which does not result in the creation of a fixed asset. This expenditure includes grants and financial assistance to others and expenditure on property not owned by the authority. Also included within this figure is project expenditure which only maintains the asset in it's current state of repair but does not enhance the valuation.

## **Statement of Accounts**

#### 1.3 Financing of Capital Expenditure

				2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
Covered by Credit Approvals				00.047	
- loan				22,317	26,569
<ul> <li>credit arrangements</li> <li>provision for credit liabilities</li> </ul>				0 6,370	0 5,298
Usable Capital Receipts				8,153	5,298 9.649
Capital Grants and developer contributions				26,005	9,049 16,941
Capital Reserve				0	0
Unfinanced expenditure brought forward				-4,029	-4,273
Unfinanced expenditure carried forward				0	4,029
				58,816	58,213
1.4 Capital Disposals					
	Land and	Vehicles and	Non		Land and
	buildings /	Equipment	operational	Total	buildings
	Sold	Sold	Sold	Disposals	Sold
	2004-05	2004-05	2004-05	2004-05	2003-04
	£0 <b>0</b> 0	£000	£000	£000	£000
Environmental Services	$\left  \right ^{\prime}$				
- County Farms	4,614	9 0	0	4,614	1,635
- Transport and Highways	25	0	0	25	197
Children and Education	13,077	0	0	13,077	8,787
Central and Library Services	3,001	0	0	3,001	50
Adult and Community Services	1,020	0	0	1,020	70
	21,737	0	0	21,737	10,739

The table above shows the value of cash received in respect of those assets disposed of during the year, costs of sale amounted to £0.206 million, giving net receipts of £21.531 million.

## 1.5 Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets

	2004-05 £000	2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
Income from Disposal of Fixed Assets Costs of Sale		21,737 206	10,739 187
Net Receipts		21,531	10,552
Gross Value of Fixed Assets Disposed of Less: Depreciation Written off on Disposal	5,173 213	4,960	675
Net Proceeds from Disposal of Fixed Assets		16,571	9,877

The disposal proceeds include the sale of a school site for £11.430 million that was valued at £0.071 million, the valuation was based on existing use as a school and playing fields, whereas the site was sold with planning permission for housing, thus realising a much greater price than its valuation would have suggested.

#### 1.6 Significant Commitments under Capital Contracts

The value of significant commitments under capital contracts, in which amounts of greater than £100,000 are contracted to be paid after 31 March 2005, was £9.527 million. Included in this amount are the following major items:-

	£ million
Provision of Bus Shelters	4.533
Westwood St Thomas School, Salisbury - New administration block	1.165
The Mead School, Trowbridge - 7 class room extension	1.030
Britford Park & Ride, Salisbury	1.011

## 1.7 Statement of Physical Assets

This Statement indicates the broad categories of fixed assets owned by the County Council. The Code only requires that a broad summary of assets should be shown.

	2004-05	2003-04
Land (hectares)	3,015	3,221
Buildings (numbers) - Primary Schools	163 *	96
- Secondary Schools	15 *	96 16
- Special Schools	6	6
- Adult Education Centre	1	1
- Youth and Community	17	18
- Sports and Leisure	6	6
<ul> <li>Administrative and Magistrates Courts</li> </ul>	24	24
- Adult and Community Services	43	46
- Libraries	15	16
- Gypsy Sites	5	5
- Highways and WDS Depots	12	12
- County Farms	51	60

\* All schools (including Voluntary Aided and Voluntary Controlled Schools) have been included where the County Council owns either the playing fields, some mobiles, or both, even where the total value of assets at a site is less than £50 000.

Buildings included above (except those schools referred to above) are those valued at £50,000 or more.

				2004-05	2003-04
Roads (km)					
- Principal County Roads			4	550	550
- Other County Roads		4		3,815	3,797

The maintenance of the Motorways and Trunk Roads transferred to WS Atkins from 1 April 1999.

	2004-05	2003-04
Vehicles, Plant and Equipment (numbers)		
- Vans	8	8
- Lorries	23	14
- Kerbside Collectors	16	6
- Tractors	0	0
- Land Rovers	7	5
- Mobile Libraries	4	4
- Mini Buses	53	52
- Gritters	52	49

The figures above show only assets valued at more than the "de minimus" value of £10,000.

## 1.8 Assets Held Under Capital Leases

The Council's fixed assets include a number of items held under finance leases. These may be summarised as follows:

	Gross Book Value £000	Accumulated Depreciation £000	Net Book Value £000
Property	670,500	0	670,500
	670,500	0	670,500

### 1.9 Valuation of Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are included in the Consolidated Balance Sheet at their current value, as described in the Statement of Accounting Policies. An analysis is given below. A rolling programme of revaluation ensures that each property is revalued at least every 5 years. Valuations are carried out by the County Council's own valuers, who are RICS qualified.

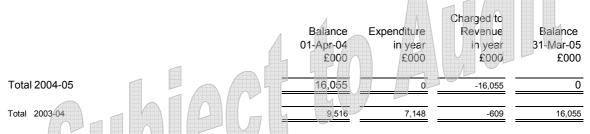
	2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
Operational Assets	302,248	292,925
Infrastructure Assets	128,725	105,263
Non-operational Assets	22,260	24,606
	453,233	422,794

Valuations have been included for the value of all playing fields and mobile classrooms owned by the County Council at Voluntary Aided and Voluntary Controlled Schools, but not the buildings as these are owned by Church organisations.

The County Council has provided three secondary schools under the terms of a PFI Contract (see note to Revenue Account no. 16). Under the requirements of FRS 5, these properties are excluded from the balance sheet for the County Council, and so are not included in the Valuation of Fixed Assets shown here.

## 2. Deferred Charges

The Deferred Charges represent capital expenditure on school buildings (Voluntary Aided, Voluntary Controlled and Foundation schools) which the County Council does not own and hence they do not appear in its Fixed Assets.



Under the Statement of Recommended Practice issued by CIPFA for 2004-05 the definition of deferred charges requires that unless the authority controls the economic benefits resulting from the expenditure it should be written off in the year in which it is incurred. The deferred charges as at 31 March 2004 related to capital expenditure on school buildings which the Council does not own and have therefore been written off to the Fixed Asset Restatement Reserve in the 2004-05 accounts.

#### 3. Long Term Debtors

	2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
Car loans to staff	0	6
Deferred consideration for C.P.D. Ltd	0	106
Long term advances of pay to staff	0	1
Adaptation Loans	68	75
Swindon share of debt outstanding (see Note 18)	13,480	14,252
	13.548	14.440

## 4. Stocks and Work in Progress

	2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
Environmental Services Children and Education Central and Library Services Adult and Community Services	167 29 9 1	163 41 4 1
	206	209

12,900

43,650

#### 5. Debtors

These represent sums owed to the County Council for supplies and services provided before 31 March 2005, but not received at that date.

## 5.1 Analysis of Debtors by Category

	2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
Government Departments	7,461	4,282
General Debtors	16,618	14,759
Payments in Advance	5,328	10,382
Provision for Bad Debts	-119	-836
	29,288	28,587

## 5.2 Analysis of Debtors by Service

5.2 Analysis of Debtors by Service	
2004-05 £000	
Environmental Services Children and Education Central and Library Services Adult and Community Services Mental Health Pooled Budgets	9,149 11,641 5,958
6. Investments	28,587
These are shown at Book Value, less any provision for losses in value of marketable securities, as follow	vs:
2004-05 £000	
Short Term Investments 43,650	) 12,900

## 7. Cash in Hand

This is made up of the value of imprest accounts used by County Council establishments for small purchases and the bank accounts of locally managed schools.

	2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
County Council imprest accounts Schools' bank accounts	1,500 18,354	109 17,041
	19,854	17,150

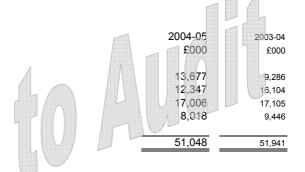
## 8. Creditors

These represent sums owed by the County Council for supplies and services received before 31 March 2005 but not paid for at that date, or provisions created in accordance with the accounting policies. The total also includes items whose accounting treatment has not yet been determined and which are held in suspense accounts.

## 8.1 Analysis of Creditors by Category

	2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
Government Departments	5,506	8,781
General Creditors	40,344	32,049
Suspense Accounts	4	1,047
Payments Received in Advance	4,420	9,118
Provisions	774	946

8.2 Analysis of Creditors by Service



51,048

51,941

## 8.3 Movement in Provisions

**Environmental Services** 

Children and Education

Central and Library Services

Adult and Community Services

A provision of £0.388 million relates to interest payments due to landowners where the County Council gained land entry more than one year ago. Payments will be made when the County Council valuers and the landowners have agreed the final valuation.

	Balance at 01-Apr-04 £'000	Movements in year £'000	Balance at 31-Mar-05 £'000
Highways Land Compensation Claims	388	-327	61
Redundancy Costs	104	-104	0
	492	-431	61

## 9. Deposits

Deposits consist mainly of cash received from developers in lieu of bonds or as contributions to road improvements. They are repayable with interest, and the figure shown includes accrued interest.

## 10. Borrowing

10.1 Analysis of Loans by Maturity

			2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
Less than 1 year Short Term Borrowing Long Term Borrowing			2,664 9,054	2,152 3,054
Total Less Than One Year			11,718	5,206
More than 1 year Between 1 and 2 years Between 2 and 5 years Between 5 and 10 years Between 10 and 15 years More than 15 years			9,054 24,362 43,301 5/583 59,060	3,054 12,412 18,011 4,583 72,353
Total More Than One Year			141,360	110,413
Total Borrowing 10.2 Analysis of Loans by Type	10		153,078	115,619
	Balance			Balance
Short Term Borrowing	01-Apr-04 £000	Raised £000	Repaid £000	31-Mar-05 £000
Pension Fund	2,150	513	0	2,663
Other	0	0	0	0
	2,150	513	0	2,663
Long Term Borrowing Public Works Loan Board	101,469	0	3,054	98,415
Banks & Building Societies	12,000	40,000	3,054 0	52,000
	113,469	40,000	3,054	150,415
Total Borrowing	115,619	40,513	3,054	153,078

## 10.3 Provision for Credit Liabilities (Memorandum Account)

Government regulations introduced on Local Authority capital expenditure and financing, with effect from 1 April 1990, under part IV of the Local Government and Housing Act 1989, include the requirement to provide for the future redemption of credit liabilities, primarily debt. The regulations require an annual Minimum Revenue Provision of 4% of the authority's long term borrowing limit or "credit ceiling". The Council no longer sets aside 50% of its capital receipts, this element is instead paid into the Pension Fund to reduce its deficit, under a special dispensation obtained from the former DTLR.

	2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
Balance at 1 April 04	0	0
Minimum revenue provision	6,370	5,298
Provision from capital receipts	239	62
	6,609	5,360
Less financing of new expenditure	6,609	5,360
Less net repayment of external debt	0	0
Balance at 31 March 05	0	0
The provision has been debited with net loan repayments and capital expenditure justified	by credit approv	als.
11. Cash Overdrawn		

The County Council's accounts show a cash overdrawn position of £2.307 million. However, the actual net cleared cash balance on the corporate bank accounts was a debit of £0.011 million. This difference is due to unpresented cheques and BACS payments, and uncleared cheques paid into the bank account on the 30th and 31st of March.

# 12. Deferred Liability - Finance Leases

This represents the value of future years' liabilities for finance and property lease rentals.

SUR	Discounted Value £000	Actual Value £000
Outstanding finance lease rentals at 31 March 2005	727	3,537
Outstanding finance lease rentals at 31 March 2004	1,776	4,081

The Prudential Framework issued by CIPFA requires that SSAP 21 definitions are adopted for all leases entered into after 1 April 2004. To ensure consistent treatment of leases in the accounts, all existing leases have been reviewed in line with SSAP 21, this resulted in a revaluation of deferred liabilities relating to finance leases as at 31 March 2004 from £4.081 million to £1.042 million. The further reduction to £0.727 million relates to changes during 2004-05.

## 13. Fixed Asset Restatement Reserve

	2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
Balance at 1 April 04	123,617	97,805
Asset and deferred charges disposals	-4,961	-203
Capital expenditure not added to assets	-23,910	-19,034
Revaluation adjustments	5,310	44,611
Deferred liability adjustment	3,354	438
Write off of deferred charges (see note 2)	-16,055	0
Balance at 31 March 05	87,355	123,617

## 14. Capital Financing Reserve

The Capital Financing Reserve is credited with all sources of finance for capital expenditure, other than loans. It also incorporates the amounts formerly included in the Provision for Credit Liabilities.

	2004-05	2003-04
	£000	£000
Balance at 1 April 04	136,224	114,388
Capital expenditure financed from the Capital Reserve	0	0
Capital expenditure financed from capital receipts	8,153	9,649
Reserved capital receipts	4,572	62
Release of deferred capital grants & developer contributions	1,263	608
Provision from revenue*	1,554	1,136
Amortisation of deferred charges	C	-609
Adjustment for capital grant on non-asset expenditure	16,518	10,990
Other adjustments	289	0
Balance at 31 March 05	168,573	136,224
*This is the amount by which the Minimum Revenue Provision exceeds the depreciation char	ges.	

# 15. Usable Capital Receipts Reserve

Capital receipts are funds received by the County Council from the sale of capital assets and repayments of grants and advances. Until 1 September 1999, the Local Government and Housing Act 1989 provisions required that, where sale proceeds were £6,000 or higher, 75% of capital receipts relating to Home Office Services, and 50% of other Capital Receipts, were set aside or "reserved" as a provision for credit liabilities, this primarily being for the redemption of debt. However, the County Council has decided to retain this policy on a voluntary basis. Since 2001-02, the amounts set aside at the year-end have been held in this reserve instead of being used for the redemption of debt.

	Balance 01-Apr-04 £000	Receipts £000	Reserved £000	Applied £000	Balance 31-Mar-05 £000
Environmental Services	3,100	2,274	0	-5,097	277
Children and Education	4,044	13,021	0	-2,467	14,598
Central and Library Services	978	1,495	0	-519	1,954
Adult and Community Services	15	169	0	-70	114
Release of Capital Contingency Reserve		0	0	0	0
-	8,137	16,959	0	-8,153	16,943

### 16. Wiltshire County Council Pension Fund assets and liabilities

The details of assets and liabilities of the Wiltshire County Council pension fund are detailed below:

	Local Government Pension Scheme	
	2004-05	2003-04
	£000	£000
Estimated Liabilities in Scheme	431,200	336,400
Estimated Assets in Scheme	251,200	218,700
Net Asset / Liability (-)	-180,000	-117,700

The movement in surplus / deficit in the pension fund is summarised below: -

	Year to 31 March 2005 £000	Year to 31 March 2004 £000
Deficit at the beginning of the year	-117,700	-144,077
Current service cost	-12,400	-8,900
Employer contributions	15,800	22,800
Contributions in respect of unfunded benefits	2,400	2,600
Past service costs	-400	-500
Impact of settlements and curtailments	-300	-200
Expected return on employer assets	15,600	12,500
Interest on pension scheme liabilities	-18,600	-19,100
Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets	9,400	20,500
Experience gains and losses arising on the scheme liabilities	-9,200	-2,610
Changes in financial assumptions underlying the present value of th	e -64,600	
scheme liabilities	1 1	
Employer body adjustment		-713
Deficit at end of year	-180,000	-117,700

During 2003-04 the real discount rate adopted was 3.5% per annum, as advised by CIPFA, this rate was changed to 5.5% per annum as required by new guidance issued by CIPFA. This change has had the effect of increasing the liability by £64.6 million

History of experience Gains and Losses	Year to 31 March 2005 £000		Year to 31 March 2004 £000	
Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets	9,400	3.8% of assets	20,500	9.4% of assets
Experience losses arising on the scheme liabilities	-9,200	2.1% of liabilities	-2,610	1.0% of liabilities
Changes in financial assumptions	-64,400			
Actuarial losses recognised above	-64,200	14.9% of liabilities	17,890	5.3% of liabilities

Liabilities have been assessed on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method, an estimate of the pensions that will be payable in future years dependant on assumptions about mortality rates, salary levels, etc. The County Council Fund liabilities have been assessed by Hymans Robertson, an independent firm of actuaries. The main assumptions used in their calculations are:

	Local Government Pension Scheme	
	2004-05	2003-04
Rate of Inflation	2.9%	2.9%
Rate of Increase in salaries	4.4%	4.4%
Rate of increase in pensions	2.9%	2.9%
Rate for discounting scheme liabilities	5.4%	6.5%

Assets in the County Council Pension Fund are valued at fair value, principally market value for investments, and consist of the following categories, by proportion:

	2004-05	2003-04
Equity Investments	70.0%	70.3%
Bonds	19.0%	18.0%
Property	8.0%	7.3%
Cash	3.0%	4.4%
	100.0%	100.0%

The expected assets, annual return and long-term return for the fund is shown below: -

Assets	Long Term Return % per Annum	Fund Value at 31 March 2005 £000	Expected Annual Return £000	Fund Value at 31 March 2004 £000
Equities	7.7%	562,700	43,328	501,300
Bonds	4.8%	157,300	7,550	128,200
Property	5.7%	68,900	3,927	52,300
Cash	4.8%	22,000	1,056	31,600
	6.9%	810,900	55,862	713,400

The asset value shown here (£810.9 million) is an extract from Hymans Robertson's FRS 17 report. To meet the required timetable, Hymans were sent provisional data on a cash basis. The Net Assets Statement on page 42 (£814.4 million) is based on final data on an accruals basis (i.e. including debtors and creditors) so the figures are slightly different. In addition to this, the percentage split between assets has changed slightly between the two, due to a change in the accounting treatment of Foreign Exchange transactions associated with overseas bonds.

## 17. Earmarked Reserves

# 17.1 Movement in Reserve Account Balances

		Transfer	
	Balance	to / from	Balance
	01-Apr-04	Revenue	31-Mar-05
	000£	£000	£000
	2000	2000	2000
Capital Reserve (see below)	5,428	-960	4,468
Insurance Reserve (see below)	3,511	164	3,675
Locally Managed Schools' Balances	13,711	1,172	14,883
Printing and Copying Accrued Surplus	45	-20	25
Corporate Services Department	150	120	270
Finance Department	534	-52	482
Environmental Services Department	263	-79	184
Home Office Services Underspending	13	-13	0
Chief Executive	13	-19	13
PFI Reserve	4,178	1,325	5,503
Invest to Save Fund	392	-295	3,303 97
Gypsy Recovery	0	-295	0
Wiltshire Direct Services Residual Costs	24	0	24
Free School Meals	24	109	337
Sickness Insurance Scheme	529	368	897
		222	
Connexions Staff Development	0		222 70
Staff Development	0	70	
Conservation Centre Specialist Equipment	0	4	4
		0.405	04.454
	29,019	2,135	31,154
Pooled Budget established under Mental Health Act 1999	259	-259	0
	29,278	1,876	31,154
	29,278	1,070	51,104

## 17.2 Capital Reserve

The Capital Reserve has been established to finance future capital expenditure of the County Council, contributions being paid into the reserve from revenue.

	Balance 01-Apr-04 £000	Income £000	Applied £000	Balance 31-Mar-05 £000
Reserve balance 1 April	5,428	0	0	5,428
Contribution from Revenue	0	1,940	0	1,940
Contribution to Revenue	0	-2,900	0	-2,900
	5,428	-960	0	4,468

## 17.3 Insurance Reserve and Self Insurance Account

The County Council has established a Self-Insurance Account, effective from 1 April 1994, in which premiums and expenses are paid and income and reimbursements collected. Liability for claims is shared between the Council and outside insurers, with the Council's annual liability being capped. The surplus or deficit on this account is transferred to the Insurance Reserve.

	2004-05	2003-04
	£000	£000
Premiums charged to Services	2,018	1,368
Other contribution from Revenue Account	165	131
	2,183	1,500
Less		
Premiums paid to Insurers	1,179	920
Claims During Year	500	
- Employer's / Public Liability - Fire and All Risks	582 104	488 60
- Risk Management		5
- Other		0
- Other expenses	143	148
Surplus / deficit (-) for year	164	-121
The movements in the year on the Insurance Reserve were as follows:		
	2004-05	2003-04
	£000	£000
Balance on Insurance Reserve at 1 April 04	3,511	3,632
Transfer from Self Insurance Account	164	-121
Transfer to Revenue Account	0	0
Balance at 31 March 05	3,675	3,511
	5,075	3,511

## 18. Deferred Credit - Swindon Share of Outstanding Debt

Under the terms of the Local Government Reorganisation, no outstanding debt was transferred to Swindon Borough Council. However, Swindon is required to service its share of the outstanding debt at 31 March 1997. The annual contribution from Swindon is based on its share of the credit ceiling at this date. In effect, the County Council has a long-term debtor for this amount and the equity is correspondingly increased by this deferred credit. The debtor and the deferred credit will be written down each year as the contributions are paid.

#### 19. Analysis of Net Assets Employed

The net assets, as shown below, represent the local taxpayers' "equity" in the County Council.

	Balance 01-Apr-04 £000	County Fund £000	Balance 31-Mar-05 £000
Fixed Asset Restatement Reserve	123,617	-36,262	87,355
Capital Financing Reserve	136,224	32,349	168,573
Usable Capital Receipts	8,137	8,806	16,943
Pensions Reserve	-117,700	-62,300	-180,000
Earmarked Reserves	29,278	1,876	31,154
Deferred Credit	14,252	-791	13,461
County Fund Balance	5,161	1,207	6,368
	198,969	-55,115	143,854

#### 20. Foundation Schools

The School Standards and Framework Act 1998 changed the status of Grant Maintained schools to Foundation Schools maintained by the Local Education Authority. The change for funding purposes took effect from 1 April 1999. Fixed Assets and Long Term Liabilities remain vested in the Governing Bodies of individual Foundation schools and therefore values and amounts have not been consolidated in this Balance Sheet. In this authority's area there are 23 Foundation schools.

# The Statement of Total Movements in Reserves

	Capital Reserves			
	Fixed Asset Restatement Reserve £000	Capital Financing Reserve £000	Usable Capital Receipts £000	Deferred Credit £000
Balance at 1 April 04	123,617	136,224	8,137	14,252
Net Surplus/Deficit(-)	-			791
Unrealised gain/loss on asset revaluations		-		
Impairment losses on fixed assets arising from revaluation	-			-
Disposals of Fixed Assets Value of Assets Disposed of Proceeds of Disposals	-4,961			<u> </u>
Financing of Fixed Assets		8,153	-8,153	-
Balance at 31 March 05	118,656	144,377	-16	13,461
GINGUU		Revenue R	eserves	
DUN	Pensions Reserve £000	County Fund £000	Earmarked Reserves £000	Total Equity £000
Balance at 1 April 04	-117,700	5,161	29,278	198,970
Net Surplus/Deficit(-)	-62,300	1,207	1,876	-60,008
Unrealised gain/loss on asset revaluations	-	-	-	0
Impairment losses on fixed assets arising from revaluation	-	-	-	0
Disposals of Fixed Assets Value of Assets Disposed of Proceeds of Disposals	- -	-	-	-4,961 0
Financing of Fixed Assets	-	-	-	0
Balance at 31 March 05	-180,000	6,368	31,154	134,001

# **Statement of Accounts**

# The Cash Flow Statement for 2004-05

		2004-05	
Revenue Activities		£000	£000
Cash Outflows			
Cash paid to and on behalf of employees		-260,744	-343,206
Other operating costs		-238,358	
		-499,102	
Cash Inflows			
Disbursements from the Collection Fund		141,895	
Non-domestic rate income		123,926	
Revenue Support Grant		110,008	,
Other government grants		90,595	
Cash received for goods and services		45,756	10,755
		13,079	11,785
Returns on Investments and Servicing of Finance			
Cash Outflows Interest paid		-6,235	-5,675
Cash Inflows		-0,230	-5,6/5
Interest received		188	496
Contributions from other authorities		1,539	
	A		
		-4,508	-3,576
Capital Activities			
Cash Outflows			
Purchase of fixed assets		-58,816	-58,213
Cash Inflows Sale of fixed assets		16,959	10.400
Capital grants		26,005	
Capital grants		20,000	17,500
		-15,851	-30,355
Net transfer of cash to(-)/from other authorities		(	
Net cash outflow before financing		-7,280	) -22,146
Management of Liquid Descurres			
Management of Liquid Resources Net Increase/Decrease (-) in Short-term Deposits		16	678
Net increase/Decrease (-) in Short-term Deposits			0/8
			678
Financing			
Cash Outflows			
Repayment of amounts borrowed		-3,054	-41,242
Cash Inflows			
New loans raised		40,000	
New short term loans		513	35,355
		37,459	2,113
Increase/Decrease(-) in cash		30,195	-19,355

# Notes to the Cash flow Statement

## 1. Introduction

The Accounts and Audit regulations require local authorities to produce a statement of source and application of funds. The Cash Flow Statement satisfies this requirement. The statement includes all the County Council's operations, revenue and capital, excluding internal transactions. It thus shows total income and total expenditure, and how the difference between the two was financed.

## 2. Movement in Cash and Cash Equivalents

	Movement 2003-04 £000	Balance 01-Apr-04 £000	Movement 2004-05 £000	Balance 31-Mar-05 £000
Cash in Hand	140	17,150	2,704	19,854
Cash Overdrawn	2,207	-3,239	932	-2,307
Investments	-21,700	12,900	30,750	43,650
	-19,353	26,811	34,386	61,197

## 3. Reconciliation of Revenue Cash Movements to the Consolidated Revenue Account

	2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
Surplus/Deficit (-) on Revenue Account	1,207	-2,314
Non-Cash Transactions Reversed Out		
Contributions from reserves	4,776	6,593
Capital expenditure financed from revenue	0	0
Minimum revenue provision for credit liabilities	7,751	5,244
Movements in Balance Sheet items (See Below)	-	
Movement in long term debtors	101	96
Movement in debtors	-701	-4,898
Movement in stocks	3	201
Movement in creditors	-893	3,232
Movement in other balances	-777	56
Movement in provisions and other balances	0	0
Items Shown Under Servicing of Finance		
Interest	6,047	5,179
Contributions from other authorities	-1,539	-1,603
Net Cash Inflow from Revenue Activities	15,975	11,786

## 4. Analysis of Balance Sheet Movements

	Long Term Debtors £000	Debtors £000	Stock £000	Creditors £000
Movement in Balance Sheet	892	-701	3	-893
Less movements not affecting revenue :- Deferred Credit / Capital Creditors	-791			-777
Effect on Revenue	101	-701	3	-1,670

5. Analysis of Government Grants

# **Statement of Accounts**

5. Analysis of Government Grants			4
		2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
Children and Education			
- Standards Fund (DfES)		13,281	11,041
- Schools Standards Grant	4	8,136	7,506
- Learning & Skills Council		14,703	14,713
- Teachers Pay Threshold		6,727	5,777
- Formula Capital		5,342	1.000
- Early Years			1,362
- Connexions		2,821	
- Other Education Environmental Services		2,500	1,510
- Civil Defence		195	405
- Rural Bus		1,227	195 1,173
- Rural Bus Challenge		433	1,173
- Economic Development		433 525	640
- Other Environmental Services		280	204
Central and Library Services		200	204
- Magistrates' Courts		4,344	3,799
- Libraries		284	0,799
Adult and Community Services		204	0
- Delayed Discharge		1,121	371
- Mental Health		816	782
- Quality Protects (Mainstream)		0	1,075
- Residential Care Allowance		4,773	1,819
- Preserved Rights		4,528	4,167
- Supported People		9,023	9,067
- Other Social Services		6,343	5,996
		90,595	72,878

# The Wiltshire Pension Fund Management Policies

## Responsibility for the report

## Wiltshire County Council

The County Council has to arrange for the proper administration of the Wiltshire Pension Fund. In particular, it needs to ensure an economic, efficient and effective use of resources in carrying out this administration, and that the Fund's investments are safeguarded.

The County Council has delegated this responsibility to the Wiltshire Pension Fund Committee. It also, however, has to ensure that one of its officers has responsibility for the financial aspects of that administration, this being the County Treasurer.

## Wiltshire Pension Fund Committee

There are eight elected members of the Committee, comprising five County Councillors, two Swindon Borough Council members, and one member representing the four District Councils within Wiltshire. In addition, there is a representative of the admitted bodies and two observers representing staff interests. Details of the membership of the Committee in 2004-05 are shown in Appendix (d) of the Wiltshire Pension Fund Annual Report.

Included amongst the powers delegated by the County Council to the Committee are requirements to:

- arrange and keep under review the investment of the Fund through one or more properly authorised investment managers, and to
- appoint investment managers and external advisers as necessary to support the work of the Committee.

# County Treasurer

The County Treasurer is responsible for preparing the financial statements of the Wiltshire Pension Fund, which must show the financial position of the Fund at the accounting date and its income and expenditure for the year.

In preparing the statements, suitable accounting policies must be selected and applied consistently, and judgements and estimates made where necessary that are reasonable and prudent, and comply with the appropriate accounting Code of Practice.

Proper accounting records must be maintained and kept up to date, and all reasonable steps must be taken to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities. An anti-fraud and corruption and whistle blowing policy have been implemented for the Fund.

## Audit Commission

The Audit Commission is responsible for reporting to the County Council that an audit of the Financial Statements of the Wiltshire Pension Fund has been completed. The pension fund forms a part of these Financial Statements.

# **Investment Management Policy**

Overall responsibility for investment policy lies with the County Council's Wiltshire Pension Fund Committee, which reports directly to the County Council.

Up to September 2002, the Fund was invested through balanced mandates with three different managers: Schroder Investment Management Ltd, Baillie Gifford and Capital International. However, on 26 March 2002, the Committee had agreed a revised investment strategy, stemming from the 2001 actuarial valuation results. The new arrangements aim to increase the scope for higher investment returns without increasing the Fund's overall exposure to risk, and to more accurately reflect the liability profile of the Fund in the way that it is invested. Details of the strategy are provided in the Fund's Statement of Investment Principles in Appendix (e) of the Wiltshire Pension Fund Annual Report.

## **Statement of Accounts**

Implementation of the revised investment strategy involved the commencement of new mandates with five specialist investment managers. Two existing managers (Baillie Gifford and Capital International) were retained and three new ones were appointed. These appointments followed a rigorous tendering exercise, including presentations by the short-listed bidders to the Committee. The full list is as follows:

<u>Company</u>	<u>Mandate</u>	<u>Share of</u> <u>Fund</u>
Baillie Gifford Capital International	Global Equity Global Equity	25% 25%
Northern Trust Global	Global Equity "Manager of Mana	100000 A000
Western Asset Management	Bonds	20%
ING Real Estate	Property	10%
During the year, the managers transacted purchases of under management at 31 March 2005 was £808.5 mill		
Baillie Gifford		£204.2 million
Capital International ING Real Estate		£203.8 million £82.6 million
Northern Trust Global		£158.9 million
Western Asset Management		£159.0 million
Total		£808.5 million

Safe custody of all investments are the responsibility of The Northern Trust Company and as such, are registered in the name of, and are held by, its nominee companies or, alternatively, by overseas agents. The exception at 31 March 2005 was a temporary cash deposit of £2.7 million that was placed with Wiltshire County Council.

The County Council participates in a securities lending programme administered by Northern Trust. Securities in the beneficial ownership of the Council to a value of £95.8 million (12% of the total) were on loan at 31 March 2005. Collateral for these securities is held in a pooled form, the Wiltshire Pension Fund's share (2.21%) representing a value of £100.1 million (104.49%). Income earned from this programme amounted to £0.089 million in the year.

# The Wiltshire Pension Fund Accounting Policies

#### **Compliance with Recommended Practice**

The general principles adopted in compiling the accounts of the Wiltshire Pension Fund follow the recommendations of the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA). Specifically, they follow the Statement of Recommended Practice on Financial Reports for Pension Schemes and the CIPFA Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting, updated in 2003, and also with the guidance notes issued on the application of the Statements of Standard Accounting Practice (SSAPs) and Financial Reporting Standards (FRSs). Significant points or variations from compliance are detailed below.

#### Basis of Preparation

The accounts have been prepared on an accruals basis, income and expenditure being accounted for as it is earned or incurred, rather than as it is received and paid. The benefits payable and refunds of contributions, however, have been brought into account on the basis of all valid claims approved during the year.

No account is taken of liabilities to pay pensions and other benefits after the year-end. Transfer values, which are those sums paid to, or received from, other pension schemes relating to previous periods of employment, have been brought into account on a cash basis.

#### Investments

These are shown in the accounts at market value. Reported changes in the market value of investments over the year of account include realised gains or losses arising upon the disposal of investments during the year.

Costs incurred on the acquisition of investments, such as stamp duty and commission, are treated as part of the purchase cost of investments.

Investment management expenses are based on the quarter end market value of the investments held. The fees paid are determined by the agreed fee scales for each individual manager.

## Administration Expenses

A proportion of the relevant officers' salaries, salary on-costs and general overheads, have been charged to the Fund on the basis of time spent or Fund administration.

## Taxation

The Fund is an exempt approved fund under the Finance Act 1970, and as such, is not liable for UK income tax on investment income, nor capital gains tax. As Wiltshire County Council is the administering authority, VAT input tax is recoverable on all expenditure.

Income earned from investments in stocks and securities in the USA is exempt from US tax, and is not subject to withholding tax. Most tax deducted from income on European investments is also recoverable.

## **Foreign Currency Transactions**

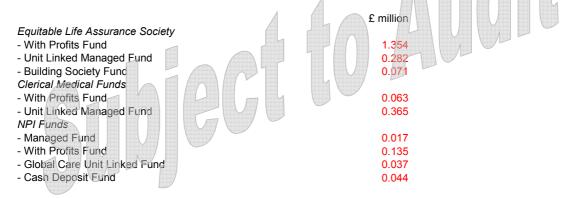
Foreign currency transactions are accounted for on the basis of the equivalent sterling value of the underlying transactions, by applying the relevant exchange rate ruling at the time. Where overseas securities are acquired with currency either previously purchased directly or accruing from the sale of securities, the sterling book cost of the new security will be based on the exchange rate ruling at the time of the purchase of that security. Any profit or loss arising on currency transactions either realised or unrealised, will be reflected in the balance sheet.

## Additional Voluntary Contributions (AVCs)

The accounts of the Fund do not include transactions in respect of AVCs. These are money purchase arrangements made by individual Scheme members under the umbrella of the Local Government Pension Scheme, to enhance pension benefits. Scheme members over the age of fifty may elect to buy service with their AVC funds, such transactions being included within transfers into the Fund.

Scheme members paid contributions totalling £X.XXX million (£0.248 million in 2003-04) into their AVC funds during the year. At the year-end, the value of funds invested on behalf of Scheme members totalled £X.XXX million (£2.368 million as at 31 March 2004), made up as follows:

At the time of going to print the value of AVCs was not known, these numbers will be included within the final accounts when they are presented in September. The values given below are therefore only provisional.



## **Related Party Transactions**

Related parties to the Wiltshire Pension Fund include all the Admitted Bodies within the Fund (see Schedule of Employer bodies on page 44), members of the Wiltshire Pension Fund Committee and the County Treasurer. There have been no financial transactions between any of these parties and the Fund apart from the routine contributions and benefits payable that are defined by statutory regulation and are therefore not within the direct control of any party. All these transactions are included within the accounting statements given in the following pages.

# The Wiltshire Pension Fund

Fund Account

CONTRIBUTIONS AND BENEFITS	2004-05 £000	2003-04 £000
Contributions receivable - from employees	13,925	10.001
- from employees	42,326	12,961 56,226
Transfers in	10,604	7,863
	,	
Total income	66,855	77,050
Demost te en estable		
Benefits payable - Pensions	30,413	00 740
- Retirement grants	4,706	28,713 3,970
- Death benefits	861	613
Payments to and on account of leavers		
- Transfers out	5,395	5,182
- Contribution refunds	315	713
Administration expenses	665	573
Total expenditure	42,355	39,764
Net additions from dealings with members	24,500	37,286
		07,200
RETURN ON INVESTMENTS		
Investment income	20,043	17,025
Change in market value of Investments	60,563	112,153
Investment expenses	-1,943	-1,771
Net returns on investments	78,663	127,407
		.2.,
NET INCREASE IN FUND DURING YEAR	103,163	164,693
Opening not exects of the Scheme	711 400	540 505
Opening net assets of the Scheme	711,198	546,505

Net Asset Statement

# **Statement of Accounts**

INVESTMENT ASSETS		31-Mar-05 £000	31-Mar-04 £000
Quoted securities - UK fixed interest Government bonds - UK fixed interest Corporate bonds - Overseas fixed interest Government bonds - Overseas fixed interest Corporate bonds - UK index linked Government bonds - UK index linked Corporate bonds - Overseas index linked Government bonds - UK equities - Overseas equities		22,709 72,937 24,557 0 16,522 4,306 6,692 233,601 130,287	20,438 63,060 18,369 0 21,634 1,468 3,104 205,080 122,626
Managed funds - UK equities - Overseas equities - UK property	4	93,620 95,958 80,760	80,800 84,883 67,239
Cash held on deposit - Sterling Cash - Overseas Cash	170	18,508 10,776	18,144 1,916
Total of investments held NET CURRENT ASSETS Sundry debtors		<u>811,233</u> 3,730	708,761 3,152
Less Sundry creditors Total net current assets		-602 3,128	 2,437
Total net assets		814,361	711,198

# **Statement of Accounts**

# Analysis of Contributions Receivable and Benefits Payable

		31-Mar-05 £000	31-Mar-04 £000
CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE			
Contributions from employees Wiltshire County Council		4,595	4,188
Other scheduled bodies		8,167	7,566
Admitted bodies		1,163	1,207
		,	
		13,925	12,961
Contributions from employers Wiltshire County Council Other scheduled bodies		15/836 23,160	22,691 30,399
Admitted bodies		3,330	3,136
		42,326	56,226
Total contributions receivable BENEFITS PAYABLE	50	56,251	69,187
Pensions payable			
Wiltshire County Council		12,988	12,470
Other scheduled bodies		16,162	15,115
Admitted bodies		1,263	1,128
		20,442	
		30,413	28,713
Retirements and death grants payable			
Wiltshire County Council		1,876	1,783
Other scheduled bodies		3,064	2,560
Admitted bodies		627	240
		5,567	4,583
Total benefits payable		35,980	33,296
i otal benento payable		55,900	33,296

#### Schedule of Employer Bodies

# Scheduled Bodies

Wiltshire County Council Swindon Borough Council Kennet District Council North Wiltshire District Council Salisbury District Council West Wiltshire District Council Wiltshire Police Authority Wiltshire & Swindon Fire Authority Wiltshire Magistrates Courts Service Wiltshire Probation Service Thamesdown Passenger Transport Amesbury Parish Council Blunsden St Andrew Parish Council Bradford on Avon Town Council Calne Town Council Chippenham Town Council Corsham Town Council Cricklade Town Council Devizes Town Council Haydon Wick Parish Council Highworth Town Council Malmesbury Town Council Marlborough Town Council Melksham Town Council Melksham Without Parish Council Mere Parish Council Purton Parish Council Stratton St Margaret Parish Council Trowbridge Town Council Warminster Town Council Westbury Town Council Wilton Town Council Wootton Bassett Town Council Wroughton Parish Council New College Salisbury College Swindon College Wiltshire College

#### Admitted Bodies

Action for Blind People CIPFA Cleanaway Ltd **Community First** Connexions North Wiltshire Leisure Limited Rethink **Ridgeway Community** Salisbury and South Wilts Museum Sarsen Housing Association Silbury First Silbury Group The Order of St John Care Trust United Response West Wiltshire Housing Society Westlea Housing Association Wiltshire Archaeological Society Wiltshire Community Foundation

These accounts form a summary extract from the Wiltshire Pension Fund Annual Report and Financial Statements publication. This provides information on its activities and a full detailed statement of its accounts. Requests for this report, or any other queries arising from the Wiltshire Pension Fund accounts, should be addressed to the County Treasurer, County Hall, Bythesea Road, Trowbridge, BA14 8JJ.

# **Trust Funds**

The County Council directly administers 17 endowment and trust funds, mostly consisting of relatively small sums of money received from private individuals in order to benefit, for example, the blind. The total Fund balances at 31 March 2005, which are not included in the Balance Sheet, amounted to £5,545,389. These are summarised below:

	Balance 01-Apr-04 £000	Income £000	Gain/(loss) on Expenditure £000	Balance revaluation £000	31-Mar-05 £000
Charity of William Llewellen Palmer (to support education in Bradford on Avon)	1,082	46	-36	99	1,191
Withy Trust (support for scholars, "rich in merit poor in pocket")	179	8	-7	16	196
Edwin Young Collection (to maintain a picture gallery in Salisbury)	299	11	-13	25	322
John Creasey Museum (to perpetuate the name of this famous local author)	138	13	-17	10	144
William 'Doc' Couch (to support the under privileged, including the disabled)	3,254	-100	-132	246	3,468
Other Miscellaneous Funds	219	12	-16	12	227
	5,171	190	-221	408	5,548

The balances as at 1 April 2004 have been restated for a prior year adjustment on The Calne Library Trust which has been included under Other Miscellaneous Funds. This reflects proceeds from a disposal which was not previously stated within the accounts for 2003-04.

Most of the endowment and trust funds are accounted for on a cash basis in accordance with standard accounting policies recommended by the Charity Commission. The only trust fund accounted for on an accruals basis is the William "Doc" Couch trust fund. This is in accordance with Charity Commission requirements for funds of that size.

All trust funds with gross income of more than £10,000 are subject to an independent examination by a firm of Chartered Accountants (at the time of publishing these accounts the audits were still in progress).

# **Trust Fund Assets**

	Market Value 31-Mar-05 £000	Market Value 31-Mar-04 £000
overnment Fixed Interest anaged Funds - Bonds anaged Funds - Equities roperty ash * edge Funds ther	1 989 3,261 378 406 469 44	1 741 3,382 150 406 449 42
	5,548	5,171

\* The cash balance as at 1 April 2004 has been restated for a prior year adjustment on The Calne Library Trust. This reflects proceeds from a disposal which was not previously stated within the accounts for 2003-04.

# Statement on the System of Internal Control

## Scope of Responsibility

Wiltshire County Council is responsible for ensuring that its business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively. We also have a duty under the Local Government Act 1999 to make arrangements to secure continuous improvement in the way in which our functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

In discharging this overall responsibility, we are also responsible for ensuring that there is a sound system of internal control which facilitates the effective exercise of the County Council's functions and which includes arrangements for the management of risk.

## The Purpose of the System of Internal Control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute as surance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of the County Council's policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically.

The system of internal control described in this statement has been in place for the year ended 31 March 2005, and up to the date of signature of the statement by the Chief Executive and Leader of the Council.

## The Internal Control Environment

The Council's internal control environment is made up of a series of strategic and operational controls.

The key purposes and elements of the Council's internal control environment are set out below.

Documents referred to are available from the Council or may be viewed on the Council's website (www.wiltshire.gov.uk).

# Establishing and monitoring the achievement of the County Council's objectives.

The Council's aims and key priorities are set out in its Performance & Improvement Plan 2004, and it's Medium Term Financial Plan. These reflect the long term priorities agreed by the Wiltshire Strategic Board, which the Council has adopted as its Community Strategy.

The Council's priorities are reflected in service plans, work plans and in managers' and staff personal targets. These form part of an integrated planning cycle that includes service planning, annual budget setting, and regular corporate review of performance and spending.

The Council operates a corporate appraisal system for staff which monitors individual performance against corporate and service targets.

The Council has a Learning and Development Strategy which aims to ensure that learning and development activity is properly planned, managed and driven by the Council's objectives.

These measures allow members and managers to monitor achievement of the corporate objectives.

## Facilitating policy and decision-making.

The County Council's Constitution sets out how the Council operates, how decisions are made and the procedures which are followed to ensure that these are efficient, transparent and accountable to local people.

The Constitution defines the role and responsibilities of the key players in the decision-making process – the Council, Cabinet, and Committees, including the Regulatory Committee, Overview and Scrutiny Committee and the Standards Committee.

In May 2004 the Council agreed a revised scheme of delegation for officers.

The Constitution is kept under regular review by the Monitoring Officer and the Standards Committee.

## Ensuring compliance with established policies, procedures, laws and regulations.

The Constitution contains detailed rules and procedures which regulate the conduct of the Council's business. These include:

- Council Rules of Procedure
- Budget and Policy Framework Procedure
- Financial Regulations and Procedure Rules
- Contract Regulations
- Members' Code of Conduct
- Officers' Code of Conduct

Corporate Complaints Procedure

Managers are required under the Officers' Scheme of Delegation to ensure that operational decisions are taken in accordance with these requirements.

The statutory officers - the Head of Paid Service (Chief Executive), the Monitoring Officer (Solicitor to the Council) and the Chief Finance Officer (County Treasurer) - together with the Council's Legal Unit have a key role in monitoring and ensuring compliance with the Council's regulatory framework and the law.

The Council has a comprehensive Risk Management Strategy. This involves the identification and assessment of risks and controls at service, major project and corporate levels.

The Performance & Improvement Plan analyses the major risks to achieving the Council's objectives and how to manage them. These are monitored monthly by the Corporate Management Board.

All reports to Cabinet include an assessment of risk.

The Corporate Risk Management Group is taking further steps to ensure that risk management is fully embedded into the Council's operational management.

The Council's Whistle Blowing Policy and its Anti Fraud and Corruption Policy provide additional safeguards. Following a review by the Standards Committee the Whistle Blowing Policy has been strengthened to increase its effectiveness.

Compliance is also monitored through the work of the following:

- Internal Audit
- Overview and Scrutiny Committee, its sub-committees and task groups
- Standards Committee
- External Audit and Inspection Agencies.

# Ensuring the economical, effective and efficient use of resources, and secure continuous improvement in the way functions are exercised. Performance management.

The Council's Performance & Improvement Plan is a key tool for these purposes. It provides information about progress and plans for delivery, and is used throughout the year to monitor progress. It is supported by a comprehensive management system which cascades priorities, key targets and milestones through service plans, and the Council's Change Programme.

Monthly financial performance monitoring reports to Cabinet include service standards. This enables Members to review performance in the context of approved budgets and the Medium Term Financial Plan. Performance against key performance indicators is monitored quarterly.

The Performance Scrutiny Task Group provides a useful challenge to the Council's planning, target setting and achievement.

The Council has a Procurement Strategy which is designed to ensure the efficient and effective use of resources.

## Facilitating the County Council's financial management and reporting

The Council achieves this by:

- Monthly reports to Cabinet on the Council's Revenue Budget and Capital Programme
- Monthly budget monitoring reports to Service Managers
- Compliance with the Council's Budgetary and Policy Framework Procedure, Financial Regulations and Financial Procedure Rules
- Compliance with external requirements, standards and guidance
- Publication of Statement of Accounts
- Overseeing role of the Final Accounts Committee.

The Council's internal control environment is reinforced by the role and work of:

- the Overview and Scrutiny Management Committee, its sub-committees and task groups
- the Standards Committee
- Internal Audit, through implementation of the Internal Audit Plan
- the Audit Commission, through the Audit and Inspection Plan and Annual Audit and Inspection Letter
- External inspection regimes (CPA; OFSTED, SSI).

## **Review of Effectiveness**

The Council has a responsibility for conducting, at least annually, a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control. This review will be informed by the work of the internal auditors and the Chief Officers and senior managers throughout t

## Chief Officers' Assurance Statements

Chief Officers have completed annual assurance statements on internal control arrangements in their departments. They are responsible for monitoring and reviewing internal controls as an integral part of the risk management process.

## Internal Audit

The annual Internal Audit Plan is based on an assessment of risk areas, using the most up to date sources of risk information. The plan is agreed with the County Treasurer and Chief Officers, and presented to the Standards Committee, which also receives reports of progress against the plan throughout the year. The Internal Audit Annual Report summarises the results and conclusions of the audit work throughout the year, and provides an audit opinion on the internal control environment for each department, and for the County Council as a whole.

Whilst Internal Audit is unable to give an absolute assurance, the results of the audits completed during the year support an overall audit opinion that internal control is in place and is operating satisfactorily in relation to the various systems and procedures reviewed. There have been no instances of fundamental weaknesses coming to light during the year, and satisfactory progress is being made to address and implement recommendations arising from previous audit reports.

There are no significant internal control issues arising from the work of Internal Audit.

#### **External Audit and Inspection**

The latest Comprehensive Performance Assessment (CFA) from the Audit Commission, reported at the end of 2004, rated the Council as 'Good' overall, representing an improvement on the earlier assessment from 2002. In addressing those areas previously seen as capable of improvement, the CPA Report recognised that the Council has achieved significant progress in a number of important areas.

It now has an effective performance management framework, and there is a clear link between the priorities identified by the community strategy and those adopted by the Council. These are reflected in service plans, work plans and in managers' and staff personal targets. In addition, the Council has introduced an effective corporate appraisal system which monitors individual performance against corporate and service targets. These developments help the Council to monitor achievement of its corporate objectives.

The Council has developed a comprehensive action plan in response to issues raised in the latest CPA. This is intended to achieve further improvements in a range of areas as follows:

- Communications
- Medium-term Financial Planning
- IT Infrastructure and Systems
- Management of Human Resources
- Risk Management
- Project Management.

The Audit Commission's Annual Audit and Inspection Letter for 2004 continued to emphasise the positive achievements of the County Council over the past year. It recognised the Council's leadership as strong and firmly focussed on improving services important to the local community. The Council was seen to be managing its performance well and applying what it has learnt to improving its services further.

The Audit Commission did not identify any significant weaknesses in the Council's internal control arrangements. The letter was presented to the Standards Committee and the Cabinet in March 2005.

The Audit Commission has also issued an Interim Audit Report for 2004-05, setting out the results of further audit work in relation to core financial processes and financial aspects of corporate governance. The overall conclusion is that the Council's core processes are sound, and that it has satisfactory arrangements for ensuring proper conduct of its financial affairs. Areas cited for further improvement were:

- Strengthening controls over ordering and purchasing arrangements
- Revising the reporting mechanisms for Internal Audit.

## Significant Internal Control Issues

The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2003 introduced the requirement for there to be a review, at least annually, of the effectiveness of internal control. This means that the Council must address its overall internal control environment in a comprehensive, all-embracing manner.

In carrying out this review, we again need to draw attention to the following specific areas first mentioned in last year's Statement on Internal Control. In both areas we are committed to developing our management processes further, and will continue working to achieve the necessary improvements for the future.

## **Risk Management**

The Council's risk management strategy has been developed into a framework of management arrangements, supported by a corporate risk register, aimed at ensuring that risks are regularly identified and effectively managed across all departments. The Corporate Risk Management Group has now established a quarterly reporting of key strategic risks to the Corporate Management Board.

However, there remains a need to improve the consistency of risk reporting and risk management activity within departments, and to demonstrate that risks are being systematically identified and managed in all cases. Further work will therefore continue in these areas to ensure risk management becomes properly embedded into the Council's management arrangements during 2005-06.

## **Budgetary Control**

In common with many other authorities, the Council continues to face an increasing demand in children's services, which brings with it ongoing pressure on our budget in this area. The integration of our children's services has brought this challenge clearly into focus, and demonstrates a continuing need to manage these budgetary pressures at a corporate level. We must therefore continue to focus our budgetary control arrangements particularly in this area of increasing demand.



# Independent Auditor's Report to Wiltshire County Council

I have audited the statement of accounts on pages 2 to 36 which have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies applicable to local authorities as set out on pages 5 to 8 and the Pension Fund accounts, on pages 37 to 44, which have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies applicable to pension funds set out on pages 39 to 40.

This report is made solely to Wiltshire County Council in accordance with Part II of the Audit Commission Act 1998 and for no other purpose, as set out in paragraph 54 of the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and of Audited Bodies, prepared by the Audit Commission.

## **Respective Responsibilities of the County Treasurer and the Auditors**

As described on page 4 the County Treasurer is responsible for the preparation of the statement of accounts in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2004. My responsibilities, as independent auditor, are established by statute, the Code of Audit Practice issued by the Audit Commission and my profession's ethical guidance.

I report to you my opinion as to whether the statement of accounts present fairly:

- the financial position of the Council and its income and expenditure for the year,
- the financial transactions of its Pension Fund during the year and the amount and disposition of the Fund's assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the scheme year.

I review whether the statement on internal control on pages 46 to 49 reflects compliance with CIPFA's guidance 'The Statement on Internal Control in Local Government: Meeting the Requirements of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2003' published on 2 April 2004. I report if it does not comply with proper practices specified by CIPFA or if the statement is misleading or inconsistent with other information I am aware of from my audit of the financial statements. I am not required to consider whether the statement on internal control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Council's corporate governance procedures or its risk and control procedures. My review was not performed for any purpose connected with any specific transaction and should not be relied upon for any such purpose.

I read the other information published with the statement of accounts and consider the implications for my report if I become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the statement of accounts.

## Basis of audit opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with the Audit Commission Act 1998 and the Code of Audit Practice issued by the Audit Commission, which requires compliance with relevant auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board.

An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the Council in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Council's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the statement of accounts is free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming my opinion, I evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of the information in the financial statements.

## Opinion

In my opinion the statement of accounts present fairly the financial position of Wiltshire County Council as at 31 March 2005 and its income and expenditure for the year then ended.

## Opinion on the pension fund accounts

In my opinion the statement of accounts presents fairly the financial position of Wiltshire County Council as at 31 March 2005 and its income and expenditure for the year then ended.

In my opinion the financial statements present fairly the financial transactions of Wiltshire Pension Fund during the year ended 31 March 2005, and the amount and disposition at that date of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the scheme year.

## Certificate

I certify that I have completed the audit of the accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Audit Commission Act 1998 and the Code of Audit Practice issued by the Audit Commission.

